## **Dominican International School**





Chemistry <u>COURSE SYLLABUS</u>

**GRADE LEVEL**: 10 **TEACHER:** Mr. Michael Hoffmann

SCHOOL YEAR: 2024-2025 EMAIL: mhoffmann@dishs.tp.edu.tw

### COURSE DESCRIPTION:

It is my privilege to introduce you to Chemistry. The materials and activities for this course create an approachable, interesting, yet challenging, learning environment. I provide a variety of ways for you to acquire and demonstrate your understanding of chemistry. It is your responsibility to do the learning. Sometimes this is not 'fun'; in fact, sometimes it is hard work. However, it is rewarding and important for your future. This course will provide you with the opportunity to develop a strong background in chemistry. The core material covers the competencies and grade-level expectations described in the Vermont Frameworks and Standards for high school students. We will be undertaking the study of chemistry! We will be learning a great deal, and I plan to have a great year! You will be expected to work hard. It is imperative that you never get behind! We will do as many labs as possible. Chemistry is the study of the composition, properties, and transformations of matter. The basis for all experiments performed in science is the scientific method. Chemistry knowledge is acquired through experimentation, and experimentation requires both measurement and data analysis.

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### HS. Basic Chemistry

The student must be following NGSS standards for their curriculum as mention in following paragraphs:

**PS1A: Structure and Properties of Matter.** Stoichiometry involves calculations of the quantities of reactants and products in a chemical reaction. The NGSS focus on the deep understanding of core ideas, and stoichiometry can be integrated in instruction when building towards performance expectations that address chemical reactions and conservation of atoms during chemical reactions.

**PS1B: Chemical Reactions.** Chemical processes, their rates, and whether or not energy is stored or released can be understood in terms of the collisions of molecules and the rearrangements of atoms into new molecules, with consequent changes in total binding energy (i.e., the sum of all bond energies in the set of molecules) that are matched by changes in kinetic energy. In many situations, a dynamic and condition-dependent balance between a reaction and the reverse reaction determines the numbers of all types of molecules present. The fact that atoms are conserved, together with knowledge of the chemical properties of the elements involved, can be used to describe and predict chemical reactions. Chemical processes and properties of materials underlie many important biological and geophysical phenomena.

**PS1C: Oxidation / Reduction.** The NGSS do not include specific names of chemical reactions and instead focus on conceptual understanding of how chemical reactions occur. This ensures that students have a conceptual understanding that they can apply to any type of chemical reaction. Classes of chemical reactions such as oxidation and reduction, acid and base, or decomposition and synthesis can be used in instruction depending on the context, but instruction should ensure that students have an understanding of the underlying concepts.

**PS3A: Definitions of Energy.** The NGSS describe those chemical reactions can either store energy (endothermic) or release energy (exothermic). Exothermic and endothermic reactions are addressed in the performance expectations that look at the change in energy in components of a system while considering the inputs and outputs of energy of the system.

Many vocabulary words do not explicitly appear in the standards, because the NGSS focus on a deep understanding of the concept behind a vocabulary word. Vocabulary can be introduced and applied, as needed, for instructional purposes.

#### The student should be able to:

**HS-PS1-1.** Use the periodic table as a model to predict the relative properties of elements based on the patterns of electrons in the outermost energy level of atoms. [Clarification Statement: Examples of properties that could be predicted from patterns could include reactivity of metals, types of bonds formed, numbers of bonds formed, and reactions with oxygen.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment is limited to main group elements. Assessment does not include quantitative understanding of ionization energy beyond relative trends.]

**HS-PS1-2.** Construct and revise an explanation for the outcome of a simple chemical reaction based on the outermost electron states of atoms, trends in the periodic table, and knowledge of the patterns of chemical properties. [Clarification Statement: Examples of chemical reactions could include the reaction of sodium and chlorine, of carbon and oxygen, or of carbon and hydrogen.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment is limited to chemical reactions involving main group elements and combustion reactions.]

**HS-PS1-3.** Plan and conduct an investigation to gather evidence to compare the structure of substances at the bulk scale to infer the strength of electrical forces between particles. [Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on understanding the strengths of forces between particles, not on naming specific intermolecular forces (such as dipole-dipole). Examples of particles could include ions, atoms, molecules, and networked materials (such as graphite). Examples of bulk properties of substances could include the melting point and boiling point, vapor pressure, and surface tension.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include Raoult's law calculations of vapor pressure.]

**HS-PS1-4.** Develop a model to illustrate that the release or absorption of energy from a chemical reaction system depends upon the changes in total bond energy. [Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on the idea that a chemical reaction is a system that affects the energy change. Examples of models could include molecular-level drawings and diagrams of reactions, graphs showing the relative energies of reactants and products, and representations showing energy is conserved.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include calculating the total bond energy changes during a chemical reaction from the bond energies of reactants and products.]

**HS-PS1-5.** Apply scientific principles and evidence to provide an explanation about the effects of changing the temperature or concentration of the reacting particles on the rate at which a reaction occurs. [Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on student reasoning that focuses on the number and energy of collisions between molecules.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment is limited to simple reactions in which there are only two reactants; evidence from temperature, concentration, and rate data; and qualitative relationships between rate and temperature.]

**HS-PS1-6.** Refine the design of a chemical system by specifying a change in conditions that would produce increased amounts of products at equilibrium. [Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on the application of Le Chatelier's Principle and on refining designs of chemical reaction systems, including descriptions of the connection between changes made at the macroscopic level and what happens at the molecular level. Examples of designs could include different ways to increase product formation including adding reactants or removing products.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment is limited to specifying the change in only one variable at a time. Assessment does not include calculating equilibrium constants and concentrations.]

**HS-PS1-7.** Use mathematical representations to support the claim that atoms, and therefore mass, are conserved during a chemical reaction. [Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on using mathematical ideas to communicate the proportional relationships between masses of atoms in the reactants and the products, and the translation of these relationships to the macroscopic scale using the mole as the conversion from the atomic to the macroscopic scale. Emphasis is on assessing students' use of mathematical thinking and not on memorization and rote application of problem-solving techniques.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include complex chemical reactions.]

**HS-PS1-8.** Develop models to illustrate the changes in the composition of the nucleus of the atom and the energy released during the processes of fission, fusion, and radioactive decay. [Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on simple qualitative models, such as pictures or diagrams, and on the scale of energy released in nuclear processes relative to other kinds of transformations.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include quantitative calculation of energy released. Assessment is limited to alpha, beta, and gamma radioactive decays.]

### ASSESSMENT:

There will be both formal and informal assessments. For content assessment, each unit will end with a test. For each student's grade, the assessment will be a follow, in accordance with the school's assessment policy:

- 1/3 Quarter exam
- 1/3 Homework, Seatwork, Projects:

1 Group project per semester including a report and presentation. Will be peer assessed as well as teacher assessed.

1 Formally Assessed group laboratory investigation per quarter

1 Individual homework per week (worksheet, concept map, essay, questions form textbook, online quiz etc.)

Notebooks will be graded once per unit to make sure all write ups and classroom activities are up to date

1/3 Quizzes/ tests

1 multi-choice quiz approximately every 2 weeks

1 Unit test per unit (multi choice and short answer)

Projects, Lab Activities, Homework, and Seatwork will also be assessed.

This course will be assessed on the following four categories:

- Tests and Quizzes (30%)
- Seatwork, Homework and Participation (30%)
- Quarter Exam (30%)
- Deportment (10%)

### PRIMARY TEXTBOOK & OTHER RESOURCES

**Text Book Title;** Chemistry, 8th Edition Authors: Jill Robinson, John McMurry, and Robert FayJill Robinson • John McMurry. Published by Pearson (July 15th 2020) - Copyright © 2020. https://media.pearsoncmg.com/ph/esm/esm\_mcmurry\_chemistry\_8/msa/content/sbc/chapter.php?chapnum=2 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - Please see Google Classroom for more information.

Class code: {Gr. 10 - St. Albert the Great Class code: {Gr. 10 - St. Peter of Verona Note: Student are required to buy a Ti-nspire CX Calculator I/II (non-CAS)

## Schedule of Instructions SUBJECT: Chemistry

Text Book Title; Chemistry, Robinson, Jill | Mc Murry, John | Fay, Robert/ Chemistry, 8th Edition (USE).

(NB: Depending on time and interest, the teacher may delete and/or add other selections.)			
Week / Date	Topic / Projects / Assessments		
Week 1 Aug 12 <sup>th</sup> to 16 <sup>th</sup> <u>5 Days of Class</u> 12~ First Day / Orientation Day 15~ Opening Mass & Assumption of Our Lady 8:00 15~ Induction of Class, Student Council Officers and DYM	General Discussion about Chemistry. Course introduction Monday – Orientation in the morning. M/H School regular class after lunch Discussion of class rules, collecting text books from the library. Chapter 2: Atoms Molecules and Ions. 2.1: Chemistry and elements. 2.2: Periodic table 2.6: Atomic structure electrons, Protons and Neutrons. 2.8&2.9: Atomic number, atomic weights and the Mole. 2.10 Mass spectrometry. 2.12 Ions and Ionic Bonds.		
Week 2 Aug 19th to 23rd	<ul> <li>Chapter 3: Mass Relationships in Chemical Reactions.</li> <li>3.1 Representing Chemistry on different levels.</li> <li>3.2 Balancing Chemical Equations.</li> <li>33.Molecular weight and molar mass.</li> <li>3.4 Stoichiometry</li> <li>3.5 Yields of chemical reactions.</li> <li>3.6 Limiting reactant.</li> <li>3.7 Empirical Formulas and Compositions.</li> <li>Lab Work</li> </ul>		
Week 3 Aug 26 <sup>st</sup> to 30 <sup>th</sup> 26~Fire drill? 26~Middle and High School Catholic Bridge Program (after assembly) 28~St. Dominic de Guzman Feast Day Celebration	Chapter 4: Reactions in Aqueous Solution: 4.1 Molarity 4.3 Electrolytes 4.4Types of Chemical Reactions.		
Week 4 Aug 28 <sup>th</sup> to Sep 1 <sup>st</sup>	<ul><li>4.5 Spectator Ion.</li><li>4.6 Solubility</li><li>4.7 Acid, Base and Neutralization Reactions.</li></ul>		
Week 5 Sep 9 <sup>th</sup> to 13 <sup>th</sup> 9~ Mass & Birthday Mother Mary& VIP Induction	<ul> <li>4.9 Titration</li> <li>4.10 Oxidation and Oxidation Number.</li> <li>4.11 Redox Reactions.</li> <li>Lab Work</li> </ul>		
Week 6 Sep 16 <sup>th</sup> to 20 <sup>th</sup> <u>1 Day of Class</u>	<ul> <li>Chapter 5: Periodicity and the Electronic Structure of Atoms.</li> <li>5.1 electromagnetic Wave.</li> <li>5.2 Photoelectric effect and Planck's Postulate.</li> </ul>		

17~Moon Festival 18-20~ Teacher's Conference	<ul><li>5.3 Atomic line spectra and quantized energy.</li><li>5.4 De Broglie Hypothesis.</li></ul>
Week 7 Sep 23 <sup>rd</sup> to 27 <sup>th</sup> 24-26~Pre-Exam Days	<ul> <li>5.5 Heisenberg's uncertainty principle.</li> <li>5.6 Quantum Number.</li> <li>5.7 Shapes of orbitals.</li> <li>Lab Work</li> </ul>
Week 8 Sep 30th to Oct 4th	<ul><li>5.8 Pauli Exclusion principle.</li><li>5.9-5.13 Electron configurations and periodic Table.</li></ul>
Week 9 Oct 7 <sup>th</sup> to 11 <sup>th</sup> <u>1 Day of Class</u> 7~Launching - Rosary Month and Bullying Prevention Day 8-9 ~Q1 Exams 10~Double Ten 11~Record Day	Q1 EXAM

# 2<sup>nd</sup> QUARTER – TENTATIVE COURSE CONTENT

(NB: Depending on time and interest, the teacher may delete and/or add other selections.)				
Week / Date	Topic / Projects / Assessments			
Week 1 (10) Oct 14th <sup>th</sup> to 18 <sup>th</sup> 14~ Second Quarter Begins	<ul> <li>Chapter 7: Covalent Bonding and Electron-Dot Structures.</li> <li>7.1-7.2 Covalent Bonding in Molecules.</li> <li>7.3 Polar covalent Bonds.</li> <li>7.4 Comparison of Ionic and covalent Bonding.</li> </ul>			
Week 2 (11) Oct 21 <sup>st</sup> to 25 <sup>th</sup> 25 – Book Fair 25- Masquerade Night	<ul><li>7.5-7.9 Electron Dot Structure and their applications.</li><li>7.10 Formal Charges.</li></ul>			
Week 3 (12) Oct 28 <sup>th</sup> to Nov 1 <sup>st</sup> 1-All Saint's Day Mass	<ul> <li>Chapter 8: Covalent Compounds: Bonding Theories and Molecular Structure</li> <li>8.1 Molecular Shapes.</li> <li>8.2 Valence Bond Theory.</li> <li>Lab Work</li> </ul>			
Week 4 (13) Nov 4th to Nov 8th	<ul><li>8.3 Hybridization</li><li>8.5 Polar Covalent Bonds and dipole moments.</li></ul>			
Week 5 (14) Nov 11th to 15th	8.6 Intermolecular Forces.			
Week 6 (15) Nov 18 <sup>th</sup> to 22 <sup>nd</sup> 22-Gr.12 Q2 Exam 22 - YSC Contest	<ul> <li>Chapter 9: Thermochemistry: Chemical Energy.</li> <li>9.1Energy and its conservation.</li> <li>9.5 Thermochemical equations and enthalpies.</li> <li>Lab Work</li> </ul>			
Week 7 16) Nov 25 <sup>th</sup> to 29 <sup>th</sup> 25-Gr.12 Q2 Exam 26-28~Pre-Exam Day	<ul><li>9.7 Calorimetry and Heat Capacity</li><li>9.8 Hess's Law</li></ul>			
Week 8 (17) Dec 2 <sup>nd</sup> to Dec 6 <sup>th</sup> <u>6~Half Day</u> Foundation Day Celebrations	<ul><li>9.10 Bond Dissociation Energies.</li><li>9.11&amp;9.12 Gibbs free energy change.</li></ul>			

Week 9 (18) Dec 9 <sup>th</sup> to 13 <sup>th</sup> <u>3 Days of Class</u> 12-13 ~Q2 Exams	Review Chapter7,8&9 Q3 EXAM
Dec 18 <sup>th</sup> to Jan 1 <sup>st</sup>	Christmas Holiday

# **<u>3rd QUARTER – TENTATIVE COURSE CONTENT</u>**

(NB: Depending on time and interest, the teacher may delete and/or add other selections.)				
Week / Date	Topic / Projects / Assessments			
Week 1 (19) Jan 6 <sup>th</sup> to 10 <sup>th</sup> <u>4 Days of Class</u> 6~Record Day 7~Third Quarter Begins 10 ~ New Year Mass	Chapter 14: Chemical Kinetics 14.1 Reaction rates. 14.2 Rate Laws and Reaction Order.			
Week 2 (20) Jan 13th to 17th	14.3 Method of Initial Rates         14.4-14.8 Integrated Rate Laws.         Lab Work			
Week 3 (21) Jan 20th to 24th	14.11 Rate Laws for overall reactions.         14.12-14.13 Catalysis			
Jan 27th to Jan 31st	CNY Holiday			
Week 4 (22) Feb 3rd to 7th	Chapter 15: Chemical Equilibrium 15.1 The Equilibrium state. 15.2 The Equilibrium Constant Kc			
Week 5 (23) Feb 10 <sup>th</sup> to 14 <sup>th</sup> 1-14~Catholic Week	15.3 The Equilibrium Constant Kp Lab Work			
Week 6 (24) Feb 17th to 21st	15.6 LeChatelier"s Principle.			
Week 7 (25) Feb 24 <sup>th</sup> to 28 <sup>th</sup> <u>4 Days of Class</u> 24~Lenten Mass? 25-27 ~ Pre-Exam Days 24-27~IOWA Assessments 28 ~ Memorial Day Holiday	Chapter 16: Aqueous Equilibria: Acids and Bases 16.1 Acid-Base Concepts. 16.2 Acid-Base Strength			
Week 8 (26) March 3 <sup>rd</sup> to 7 <sup>th</sup> 5~ Ash Wednesday	16.4 Dissociation of water 16.5 pH Scale Lab Work			
Week 9 (27) March 10 <sup>th</sup> to 14 <sup>th</sup> <u>4 Days of Class</u> 14 – Q3 Exams	16.13 Relation Between Ka &Kb			

## <u>4th QUARTER – TENTATIVE COURSE CONTENT</u>

(NB: Depending on time and interest, the teacher may delete and/or add other selections.)					
Week / Date	Topic / Projects / Assessments				
Week 1 (28) March 17 <sup>th</sup> 21 <sup>st</sup> <u>4 Days of Class</u> 17 – Q3 Exams 18~ Fourth Quarter Begins 18~ Fire Drill? 19~ Feast of St. Joseph	Chapter 10: Gases: Their Properties and Behavior. 10.1 Gases and Gas Pressure 10.2 The Gas Laws				
Week 2 (29) March 24th to 28th	10.3 The Ideal Gas Law. 10.5 Daltons Law Lab Work				
Week 3 (30) March 31 <sup>st</sup> to April 4 <sup>th</sup> <u>4 Days of Class</u> 4~Tomb Sweeping	10.6 KMT of Gases 10.8 The Behavior of Real Gases.				
Week 4 (31) Apr 7th to 11th	Chapter 19 Electrochemistry. 19.1 Balancing redox Reactions.				
April 14 <sup>th</sup> to April 18 <sup>th</sup>	Easter Break				
Week 5 (32) Apr 21 <sup>st</sup> to 25 <sup>th</sup> 23~Easter Mass 21-25 ~ AP Mock Exams 26~Spring Fair	19.2 -19.3 Galvanic Cells. 19.4 Cell Potentials and Free Energy.				
<b>Week 6 (33)</b> <b>Apr 28<sup>th</sup> to May 2<sup>nd</sup></b> 4/29-5/1~ Pre-Exam Days 1-2~ Final Exams (K, 5, 8, 12 only)	<ul><li>19.5 Standard Reduction Potentials.</li><li>19.6 The Nernst Equation.</li><li>Lab Work</li></ul>				
Week 7 (34) May 5 <sup>th</sup> to 9 <sup>th</sup> 5-9~ Final Exams (K, 5, 8, 12 only) 5-9 ~ AP Exams	19.8 Electrochemical determination of Ph.				
Week 8 (35) May 12 <sup>th</sup> to 16 <sup>th</sup> <u>4 Days of Class</u> 14-15~ Q4 Exam 16~ Record Day 12-16~ AP Exams	Q4 EXAM				
Week 9 (36) May 19 <sup>th</sup> to 23 <sup>rd</sup> 19-23 ~ Student Clearance 19~ Baccalaureate Mass 23~Gr. 6 – 7 Recognition and Gr. 8 Graduation	Review				
Week 10 (37) May 26 <sup>th</sup> to 30 <sup>th</sup> <u>4 Days of Class</u> 26~House Culminating Activity 27~Gr. 9-11 Recognition and Gr. 12 Graduation 28! Class Party 29- ~ Students Last Day 30~ Teachers/Staff Meeting	Field Trip, Graduation Day				